M10·M11 Suppressor

Background Info:

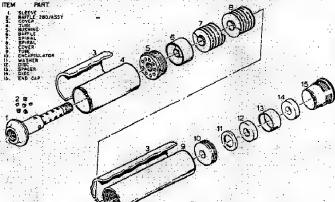
The Sionic Sound Suppressor System was designed by Mitchell Werbell at Military Armanent Corp. (Maclin 1970. The system is named for Werbell's previous corporate venture, Sionics Inc., an acronym for Studies In Operational Negation of Insurgency and Countersubversion.

RPB has recently been sold. The current owners now produce both guns and suppressors to original MAC/Sionic specifications. They have also arranged to rename the company Sionics Inc. Insurgents and countersubversives take notice; Sionic/MAC is back. General Description:

The M-10/W-11 stiencers are machined entirely from T6 #6061 Aluminum tubing and round stock. The only non aluminum pieces are the two polyurethane baffles in the replaceable endwipe assemblies.

The silencer consists of three sections; a rear expansion chamber, a front diffusion chamber and the removable end wipe assembly. NOTE: Please refer to the exploded parts of awings for the following.

SUPPRESSOR MIL 9MM AUTO (380)



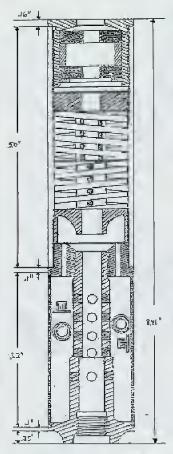
These suppressors were designed and produced to be used in conjunction with the M-10 submachine gun and the M-11 mini-machine pistol, designed by Sordon Ingram.

built and marketed these guns and suppressors until the company was dissolved in 1975.

In 1977, RPB Industries began production of the Ingram SMG's, but not the Sionic suppressor. RPB sold the guns with a suppressor of their own design. This silencer was reportedly inferior to the original Sionics unit and was discontinued.

The rear chamber is formed by screwing the front end of the inner sleeve into the bushing, capturing the rear outer tube between them. The space between the inner sleeve and outer tube is packed with aluminum eyelets. As the powder gas leaves the muzzle, it bleeds through holes drilled along the inner sleeve and passes into the rear chamber. The eyelets reduce gas volume by heat absorption and slow the release of the remaining gas with a baffling action.

The front chamber consists of the front outer tube, closed at the rear by the threaded bushing and at the front by a threaded disc (encapsulator). A cone shaped

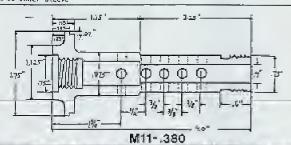


M11_sound suppressor assembled

barrle and two "spirul" diffusors are contaked in this section. The gas from the rear chamber passes through holes in the threaded bushing and contacts the cone shaped baffle. The swiring motion created by the hatfile delays the pastage of gove Into the spiral area. The two spirals, enc with a Teft hand and one with a right band twist, spin the gas Maxim atyle. Centrifegal force causes the spinning cases to have towards the outer edge of the ipiral tube. The result of all of these dissimitar manuments is a reverberation effect that dissipates, cools, and slows the release of gain from the front charber into the entaine assembly. The buller's restricted passage through the understeef enswipe balfiles further shows the release of eas into the atensohere.

If the above is a bit veges, I'm sorry, the retainder of this issue could be filled with hito on the precursor wave, sound be filled differentials, etc., I don't claim to understand sil of that any more than you do. I do know that I've never hand anyone down grade Westell's basic design which is at cented as better than any of its predestance. I know of no retent designs that level equal or better the Sionic's performance.

individual Parts Specs: Perer to exploded parts view for reference. Part fl-inner Sleeve



lack caliber gun has les um slegge, threaded to strew only that model gun bery rel unit, this prevents destroying a sma unit by installing it on a 45 cal gun or supturing an M-11 180 suppressor with the zone powerful Sum para round fired from the M-10.

Individual barrel thread sizes are as follows:

k 10/45 = 7/8" kC = 9TPI (threads per inch)

N 10/5mm = 3/4" kC = 10 TPI

K 11/383 ACP = 5/8" kC = 11 TPI

Ench sleeve is 8890 dounter bored for barrel clearance as follows:

A 10/45 = 11/16" x 2" deep

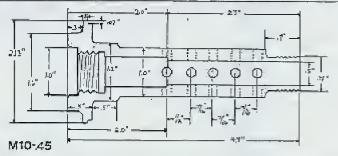
N 10/5me = 9/16" x 2" deep

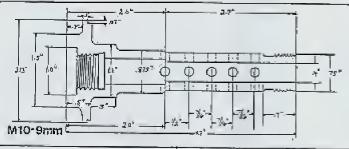
N 10/5me = 9/16" x 2" deep

H 11/180 ACP - 1 x 1 1/4" degp

The rear of each slower carries a recrused, flat face that contacts a correspending shoulder on the gun's barrel, automutically aligning the suppressor with the gun's bore. The front enth of all those model slewes are threaded 3/4" x 16 Tp [nft]

The root of the M-10 sleeves are 2,13° 00 with the shoulder cut, to fit into the beck of the 2° 10 rear tibe. The M-11 sleeve is 1.75° 50 with the shoulder cut to fit into the back of the 1.62° 10 rear tube. The M-10/45 sleeve is 3° 50 cd .5° 30. The M-10/45 sleeve is 3° 50 d. The M-10/45 are M-11/350 versions are both bared .4° 12. All three sleeves are drilled with four read of five 2/10° diameter holes (a total of twenty, for passage of gas into the rear charber. See Individual full size bart drawings for resellating specs



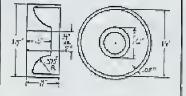


Part #2 - Baffin Asserbly:

These baffics are aluminum cycless, about privet sizm, which are packed into the rear chamber during assembly. Drightal factory spects called for 200 cyclets in the M-ID suppressor and 42D in the M-ID units. This outbor will wary due to eyelet sizm. aleese outer discrete, etc. 29ck beffic assembly as tight as possible. The trepleted unit should not rattle if packed derretly,

Part (5 - Barilles:

Two sizes of baffles are used, both are 1.5° 00 x,7° long. The Eaffle for both the M-11 and M-10/9m is bored to 4° 10 to allow clearance for the 355° diameter bullet. The 45 caldear werdlon is bored to 5° 10.5° the M-10 to 1.5° 10.

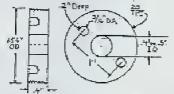


Part #3 - Cover:

This assembly is a manowable host resistant cover made of Norma firesumit materdel. In addition to protecting the firer's hand from heat, the cover dampens the rescoarting or "ringing" within the silencer during firing: Spring class holds the cover in place.

Part #50 - Encapsulator

Eigh-ercepsulator is a -4" thick disc, 1 97/6" 4D x 20 FFE. The Stay 380 version is bored to .4" ID and the 45 version to .5" ID Each encepsulator is defilled to allow inshallation and removal by spanner weach,



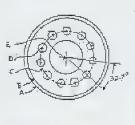
Drill two holes, 3/16* dismeter, 1* agent as shown, install encapsulator of 25 ft/las torque.

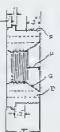
Part #5 - Thrested/Ferted Bushing

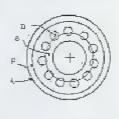
All three bushings are .?" thick with sensor holes threaded 3/4" a 16 TP1 to fit. the fronts of the inner sleaves. The front shoulders of all three bushings are 1 2/16" do a 20 TPT so accept the threaded front

Qubes. The OS and shoulder outs for goth bushings and the same of their approprint to parts at. Each bughting his a series of 3/16" distrator hales to allow revenest of gos from the rear to the front trambers. See drawings for specific hale partern.

M11



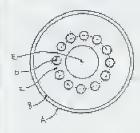


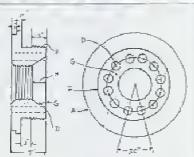


- MITT BUSHING SPICE
- A. 1.75" 00 x .1" lang
- S. Sheulder 1.634 Ga á "Philiping
- C. I,0625" BlA circle
 - 11 Unies | .1875 mja

- Panterhole "Ma" | D | PA '= 18 fg|]
- 1.56" BD a .3" long (5 14" a 20 TPI)
- Taken "in" Implies so it" openide
 - Tapered and . 25" deep.
 - 414 (5) 124

MIJO





- P. TO BUSHING SPECS
- A. 2:13" OD x , | " long 0. Shoulder 2" OD x , | " long
- F- 1.125" DIA Birele
- P. 12 Holes/, 1875" DIA

- S., Camburtpalu Maif aC (,%, 11 a 75 TP1).
- F. 1.56" GD.x 3" long Gi Wa" 20 781)
- G. Taper Will inside to 1" outside
- Hu Tepored area (25% deep.
- 1.5" 00 a .2" lung

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The spiral beffles are 1.8° 60 x 2° long in the H-10 models and 5.5° 00 x 0° long for the M-10. Each suppresser uses left and one right hand build "spiral" brosts units are canally belieful, as there is no taper along their langth. The flow are cut to 4 depth of .4975° learning a .425° do core section. There are four fine, per Irah, with a .725° space between fine, Four rows of 1/8° of space between the fine. Four rows of 1/8° of spacer builds are drilled in the spaces between the fine. M-20° m and M-11 spirals are bored .9° 10. The M-10/45 entits are bored to

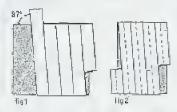
The dreferred method for outling the helical buffles is to use a silling muching with an indexing head and a 1/8" thick disc cutter. The tangent tabbo angle is set to 87" for proper culter classance. Depth of cut is set to .4375". Spiral pitch is .25" (one turn in .25"). Bear chings (velocity ratio) is 1/40 for eachies with a standard patch of 10 inches. For other machings, use the following formular.

relocity retis-tith of hells

example: (Atendard weth its) 125-1/40

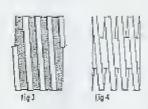
These units can also be cat by hand. It is 1.5" BD round stock about be held in a padded wise daring the Cutring procedure to avaid damaging the delicate

1. Then the 3.5° 00 mound stock with 5° bidd masking tape or better yet, bud side stript of 178° automotive pin striping tape. Start the tape at an angle of 87° as siken [Tipure cha]



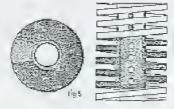
 Mark along the center of the %" wide Eace and out with a racemblade.(fig.two)

J. Remove one of the coatjourns [78] wide strips. [figure three]



 Centerpunch and drill a series of \$/2° deamler holes along the entire length of exposed retal. Install a \$400 on the drill bit to limit hale depth to #425°;

When file, brenel tool or mackets to recove the remaining metal between fine. If a backets is essed, extend the lampth of the manual pins and install five bisder on the frame. This thhold out the convex with sint in one page, between blackets bight in one page, between 19th sight so epoxy, a 650% wide strip along the side of the top edge to this, the depth of the out to 4370, life aminer to it actions the same and to 30° to the convex of the same and to 30° to the convex of the same and the side of the same and the same



5. Ortz: 1781-chameter vent holes and bon: the centers at !noiceted.(Fig.five)

